

	Inclusion criteria - All five criteria must be met at the time of screening, except		Exclusion criteria - if any one of these is met, patient is ineligible	
	#2 which is from ICU admit, to be eligible for the study			
1)	Critically ill adult patient (≥ 18 yrs old) admitted to your ICU	1)	> 72 hours from admission to ICU to time of consent	
2)	Have acute respiratory failure (ARF) i.e. expected to remain mechanically ventilated > 48 hrs from ICU admission	2)	Not expected to survive an additional 48 hrs from screening evaluation	
	This refers to invasive mechanical ventilation and is defined as intubation with mechanical ventilation or tracheostomy with mechanical ventilation. This includes any positive pressure delivered via an endotracheal tube or a tracheostomy. This does not refer to <i>non-invasive</i> methods of ventilation such as BI-PAP or mask-CPAP.	3)	A lack of commitment to full aggressive care (anticipated withholding or withdrawing treatments in the first week but isolated DNR acceptable)	
		4)	Patients already receiving PN at time of screening	
3)	Expected ICU dependency of 5 or more days (as per judgment by the Site Investigator/delegate) ICU dependency defined as need for mechanical ventilation, non invasive ventilation, renal replacement therapy, vasopressors or artificial nutrition because of their underlying illness. N OTE: This does not include patients that stay in ICU because of lack of availability of beds.	5)	Absence of ALL risk factors for G.I. intolerance (Refer to Worksheets pg. 6-7 or Imp Manual pg. 14 for complete list of risk factors)	
		6)	Patients admitted with Diabetic Ketoacidosis or non-ketotic hyperosmolar coma	
4)	On enteral nutrition or expected to initiate enteral nutrition within 7 days of ICU admission	7)	Pregnant or lactating patients	
	The "expected to initiate enteral nutrition" refers to the anticipation of the start of enteral nutrition and this is an assessment that is made at the time of screening evaluation in collaboration with the Medical Team. In the event that, at time of screening, the patient was expected to start enteral nutrition within the first 7 days and the patient is randomized, but enteral nutrition does not actually get started within this time frame, the patient still remains in the study.	8)	 Patients with clinical fulminant hepatic failure. Clinical fulminant hepatic failure is defined as: absence of cirrhosis/chronic liver disease and presence of coagulopathy (prothrombin time > 15 sec or INR >1.5) and presence of any grade of hepatic encephalopathy within 26 weeks of the first symptoms in a patient with acute liver injury 	
5)	5) BMI <25 or ≥ 35 based on pre-ICU actual or estimated dry weight		OTE: This criterion applies to only those patients who, in the opinion of the Site	
′	(Refer to Appendix B for BMI Chart)		restigator/delegate, are deteriorating or are at high risk of dying due to clinical fulminant hepatic	
	If using estimated weight/height, you may add a buffer of ±1 for the BMI <u>, after rounding,</u> In this case, ENTER THE BUFFERRED BMI into the Central Randomization	9)	ure. Refer to Protocol Clarification memo dated May 7th, 2012 for further clarification. Patients with Cirrhosis Child's Class C Liver Disease (except those on a transplant	
	System.	"	list or transplantable) or lactating patients	
Example 1: If estimated BMI is 25 after rounding, use a -1 to get a BMI of 24. Record 24 into the CRS				
Ex	Example 2:) Dedicated port of central line not available	
	If estimated BMI is 34 after rounding, use a +1 to get a BMI of 35. Record 35 into the CRS	11)) Known allergy to study nutrients (soy, egg and olive products)	
) Enrollment in another industry sponsored ICU intervention study o-enrollment in other academic studies may be allowed).	